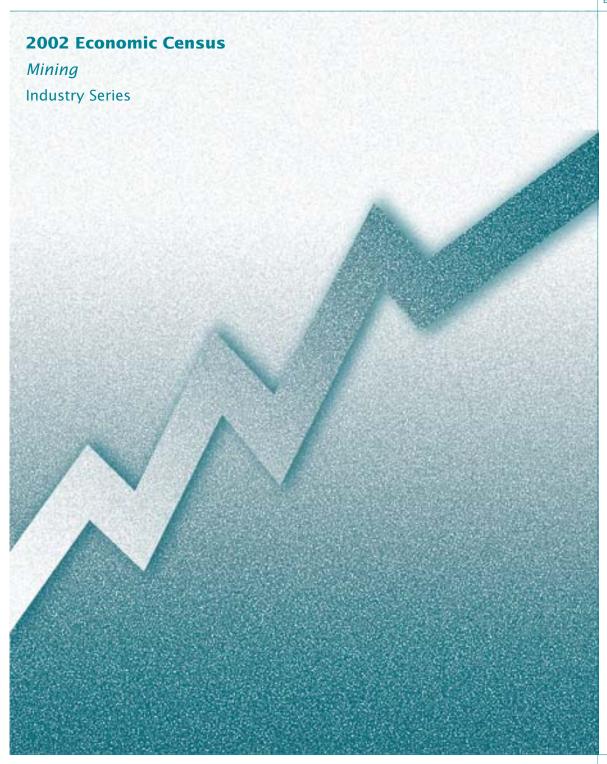
Crushed and Broken Granite Mining and Quarrying: 2002

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-- Not applicable for this report.

Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and 1997

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

			All em	ployees		on, developn ploration work				
Industry and year	Com- panies ¹	All estab- lish- ments ²	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
212313, Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying2002	123 122	321 290	7 400 6 812	312 099 271 019		13 315 13 035	250 580 212 963	1 697 614 1 139 899	558 899 572 687	168 784 199 695

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control. ²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002

[Offshore areas refer to those areas not associated with a state. States that are disclosures or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments ²		All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers						
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)		Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
212313, Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying												
United States. Arizona California Colorado Georgia Maryland	4 4 - 1	321 6 22 16 69 5	158 3 6 3 42 4	7 400 107 562 204 1 746 176	312 099 6 487 27 814 9 020 62 159 8 010	6 129 62 453 177 1 490 160	13 315 145 1 071 399 3 155 347	250 580 2 765 21 877 8 062 51 366 7 468	1 697 614 20 059 121 470 40 960 410 643 41 412	558 899 9 732 54 451 23 150 119 072 14 414	1 939 693 27 883 160 397 59 051 460 747 53 859	168 784 1 908 9 084 5 059 45 046 1 963
Massachusetts North Carolina Pennsylvania South Carolina Virginia Wisconsin	4 4 1	7 70 6 22 30 9	4 39 4 12 20 1	162 1 573 196 526 692 134	8 538 64 740 10 144 17 959 30 617 7 170	134 1 301 155 439 595 105	316 2 781 354 888 1 235 230	7 083 51 254 7 679 14 698 26 171 5 549	42 470 404 010 35 795 118 175 158 634 20 424	12 329 97 901 13 423 36 489 51 389 13 240	48 403 379 126 42 994 130 638 179 656 30 808	4 295 32 709 3 777 15 099 19 728 2 802

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1-10 to 19 percent; 2-20 to 29 percent; 3-30 to 39 percent; 4-40 to 49 percent; 5-50 to 59 percent; 6-60 to 69 percent; 7-70 to 79 percent; 8-80 to 89 percent; 9-90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
212313, Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying	
Companies ¹ number	123
All establishments ² number. Establishments with 0 to 19 employees number. Establishments with 20 to 99 employees number. Establishments with 100 employees or more number.	321 163 154 4
All employees for pay period including March 12 number. Total compensation \$1,000 Annual payroll \$1,000 Annual fringe benefits not included in payroll \$1,000	7 400 393 333 312 099 81 234
Production, development, and exploration workers for pay period including March 12number	6 129
Production, development, and exploration worker annual hours	13 315 250 580
Total cost of supplies \$1,000. Supplies used, minerals received, and purchased machinery installed \$1,000. Resales \$1,000. Purchased fuels consumed \$1,000. Purchased electricity \$1,000. Contract work \$1,000.	558 899 412 326 11 099 49 662 50 207 35 605
Quantity of electricity purchased	787 309 D
Total other expenses \$1,000. Response coverage ratio³ percent. Communications services \$1,000. Legal services \$1,000. Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services \$1,000. Advertising and promotional services \$1,000. All other expenses (not included above) \$1,000.	193 722 63 2 795 867 707 388 188 965
Total value of shipments and receipts for services. \$1,000. Primary products value of shipments \$1,000. Secondary products value of shipments and receipts for services \$1,000. Value of resales \$1,000.	1 939 693 1 892 780 35 590 11 323
Value of primary products shipments or services produced in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments or services produced in this industry. \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments or services produced in other industries. \$1,000.	1 947 928 1 892 780 55 148
Value added\$1,000	1 697 614
Total inventories, end of 2001. \$1,000. Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories. \$1,000. Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories. \$1,000.	194 768 177 613 17 155
Total inventories, end of 2002. \$1,000. Mineral products, crude petroleum, and natural gas liquids inventories. \$1,000. Supplies, parts, fuels, etc., inventories. \$1,000.	237 226 217 087 20 139
Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at beginning of year. \$1,000. Capital expenditures (except land and mineral rights) \$1,000. Capital expenditures for buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment (new and used) \$1,000. Capital expenditures for mineral exploration and development \$1,000. Capital expenditures for mineral land and rights \$1,000. Deductions from depreciable/depletable assets during year \$1,000. Gross book value of depreciable/depletable assets at end of year \$1,000.	2 510 296 188 784 160 194 8 590 3 310 80 648 2 601 742
Total depreciation/depletion charges during year\$1,000	174 328
Total rental payments during year \$1,000. Buildings and other structures \$1,000. Machinery and equipment \$1,000.	61 545 3 892 57 653
Lease rents\$1,000	10 376
Expensed mineral exploration, development, land, and rights	14 544

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the employment for those establishments that reported this item to the total employment for all establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	loyees	Production, d	evelopment, ar workers	nd exploration				
		All estab- lish- ments ²	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of supplies (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)	Capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
212313, Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying											
All establishments Establishments with — 0 to 4 employees. 5 to 9 employees. 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 50 to 99 employees 100 to 249 employees 250 to 499 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees 0,000 to 2,499 employees	2 6 6 3 2 1 2 - -	321 49 41 73 134 20 4 - -	7 400 125 272 1 075 3 988 1 318 622 - -	312 099 4 593 12 282 42 105 163 893 56 523 32 703	6 129 85 226 904 3 393 1 029 492 - - -	13 315 169 529 1 882 7 438 2 180 1 117 - - -	250 580 3 306 10 114 34 840 135 007 42 597 24 716	1 697 614 23 574 61 323 244 680 960 408 253 691 153 938 — —	558 899 8 445 23 912 67 429 276 585 100 916 81 612 —	1 939 693 28 279 74 231 246 872 1 039 542 328 973 221 796 — — — —	168 784 3 010 5 609 20 874 99 907 25 630 13 754 — —
Administrative records ³	9	51	247	10 522	189	433	8 278	44 100	20 923	60 415	4 608

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 5. Industry Statistics by Type of Operation: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

All establishments ¹		All employees		Production, development, and exploration workers				
Total	With 20 employees or more	For pay period including March 12	Annual payroll (\$1,000)	For pay period including March 12	Annual hours (1,000)	Annual wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments and receipts for services (\$1,000)
321 321 - - -	158 158 - - -	7 400 7 400 — — —	312 099 312 099 - - -	6 129 6 129 - - -	13 315 13 315 - - - -	250 580 250 580 — — —	1 697 614 1 697 614 - - -	1 939 693 1 939 693 - - -
321 - 321 -	158 - 158 -	7 400 - 7 400 -	312 099 - 312 099 -	6 129 6 129 -	13 315 13 315 -	250 580 250 580 -	1 697 614 - 1 697 614 -	1 939 693 1 939 693
	=	-	_ _ _	- -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
	321 321 	With 20 employees or more 321 158 321 158 321 158	With 20 employees or more For pay period including March 12	With 20 employees or more For pay period including payroll (\$1,000)	With 20 employees Por pay period including payroll including p	With 20 employees Por pay period including payroll	With 20 employees Por pay period including payroll (\$1,000) March 12 Por pay period including payroll (\$1,000) Por pay period including payroll (\$1,000) Por pay period including payroll payroll (\$1,000) Por pay period including payroll	With 20 employees Por pay period including payroll

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
²Includes data for establishments that were not possible to classify based on information available.

Table 6a. Products or Services Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products or receipts for services of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or	Post de la constante de la con		Product shipments or receipts for services		
service code	Product or service	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
212313	Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying	X	X	1 947 928 1 522 411	
2123130	Crushed and broken granite	X	×	1 947 928	
21231301	1997 Crushed and broken granite	X	X	1 522 411 1 947 928	
2123130100	1997 Crushed and broken granite	X 284.2 255.8	X S 246.5	1 522 411 1 947 928 1 522 411	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Product Class Shipments or Receipts for Services for Selected States and Offshore Areas: 2002 and 1997

[Product classes covered are those that are economically significant and whose production is geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in Table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some states are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 2002. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographic definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by ", see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product or service class code	Product or service class and geographic area	Value of product shipments or receipts for services (\$1,000)
2123130	Crushed and broken granite	
	United States. 2002. Arizona 2002. California 2002. California 2002. 1997	1 947 928 1 522 411 30 888 N 159 058
	Colorado 2002. Georgia 1997. Maryland 1997.	56 046 N 459 389 N 53 912
	1997. Massachusetts	N 48 391 N 39 593 N
	North Carolina 2002. 1997. 2002. Pennsylvania 2002. South Carolina 1997.	376 342 N 41 705 N 130 303
	Virginia	N 178 036 N 31 098 N

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Table 7. Selected Supplies, Minerals Received for Preparation, Purchased Machinery, and Fuels Consumed by Type: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of supplies and fuels consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Supply or fuel code	Supply or fuel consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
212313	Crushed and broken granite mining and quarrying		
	Supplies consumed by type		
21231005	Broken stone, received for preparation (crushing, screening, washing, etc.) mil s tons2002 .	D	D
21232001	Sand and gravel, received for preparation	D	D D D
33300007	Purchased machinery installed, including mobile loading, transportation, and other equipment installed at the operation	X	99 879 164 804
33300009	Parts and attachments for mining, mineral preparation, construction, and conveying machinery and equipment	x	76 911
32592003	Explosive materials, excluding ammonium nitrate	X X X	101 298 19 917 27 249
32592005	Ammonium nitrate	x X	2 199 4 930
32592007	Blasting accessories	X	3 230
32600007	Rubber and plastics products, including tires and tubes	X	3 854 12 216
33120059	Steel shapes and forms (excluding castings and forgings)	X	13 541 19 916 16 577
00970098	1997 All other supplies	X X X	89 158 52 883
00973000	Undistributed minerals, purchased machinery, parts, attachments, and supplies used	X X	84 155 33 373
	Fuels consumed by type		
32411017	Distillate (light) grade numbers 1, 2, 4, and light diesel fuel used as a fuel	S 692.7	21 146 20 387
32411019	Residual (heavy) grade numbers 5 and 6 and heavy diesel fuel used as a fuel	950.4 170.9	1 920 4 706
21111015	Gas (natural, manufactured, and mixed) used as a fuel	D D	4 706 D D
32411015	Gasoline used as a fuel	S 1.9	1 647 1 971
00960018	Other fuels (liquefied petroleum gas, coke, wood, etc.)	X X	D D
00974000	Undistributed fuels	X X	11 127 6 003

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.